

ATF2 Magnets

## Summary of "Magnet, Mover & Alignment" Session at 3<sup>rd</sup> ATF2 Project Meeting, 19<sup>th</sup> December 2006 at KEK

## Cherrill Spencer, SLAC Member of ATF2 Magnet Team

KEK, 20 Dec 2006



**Magnets** 

Summary of "Magnet, Mover & Alignment" Session, 19 Dec 06

- Five speakers dealing with
  - new ATF2 magnet production;
  - measurements of new ATF2 quadrupoles;
  - design of ATF2 magnet supports;
  - compatibility of path of laser light from laser wire system with various ATF2 magnets
  - new adjustable permanent magnet that could be tested in the ATF2 beam line



ATF2 Compatibility of path of laser light fromMagnets laser wire system with ATF2 magnets

# Lawrence Deacon (Royal Holloway)



Question is: where is best to put the detector that detects the laser wire system laser photons?

Depends on which style of detector is chosen; size of detector; how much interference with nearby magnets-do they have to be modified?

Two "best" locations:

Before QD6 and after BH5

After QD6 and before QF5



# ATF2 Compatibility of path of laser light Magnets with ATF2 magnets, page 2/3



Green circles show laser beam positions as enters and leaves QD6, if detector placed after QD6.

Placing detector before QD6 has several disadvantages.

Placing detector after QD6 – have to put a beampipe for the laser photons in a gap between two QD6 poletips.

Depending on outer diameter (OD) of this pipe we might have to shorten the thickness of some bolts to left of pipe. What happens to signal if OD is restricted to 20mm ?

KEK, 20 Dec 2006



Compatibility of path of laser light **Magnets** with ATF2 magnets, page 3/3

- Using a simulated Compton scattered photon spectrum, Deacon modelled the laser wire signal at a detector in 2 different positions.
- Found that the difference in signal between the 2 locations is not great, after QD6 has some advantages
- New QEA quads being made- some could have smaller bolt heads used, so could better accommodate the laser beampipe
- Deacon will continue to work on this



ATF2 Proposed Design of Supports that Magnets go under ATF2 magnets, pg 1/5

- Ryuhei Sugahara (KEK) designing magnet support system that sits on floor and has several components: concrete block, position adjuster; magnet movers or other supporting devices Have 27 quads, 3 dipoles and 3 sextupoles needing this support system.
- Quads and sextupoles have old FFTB movers under them, some modification needed to make movers work with ATF2 beam line parameters









ATF2 Magnets

Type 3 (3 blocks)

Are 4 different types of magnet support blocks

KEK, 20 Dec 2006





ATF2 New adjustable permanent magnet thatMagnets could be tested in the ATF2. pg 1/5

- Y. Iwashita, M. Ichikawa, Y. Tajima, M.Kumada, C.M. Spencer From Kyoto University, NIRS, SLAC, been working on adjustable permanent magnets for about 4 years.
- Two adjustable prototypes been designed, fabricated and extensively measured at SLAC and Kyoto University
- Various possibilities for use at the ILC





## Gradient is high at ON region. Magnet gaps of the inner ring affects the distribution.



Side by Side Quad- for use in ILC where incoming and outgoing beams are very close. Beams into page at red and blue circles

> Strength can be reduced by opening the gap.



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Cherrill Spencer, SLAC ATF2 Magnet, Mover&Alignment



- Mika Masuzawa (KEK) been measuring 24 QEA quads that are in FF of ATF2.
- Compared KEK results with IHEP measurements
- New data since last report: skew sextupole component



## ATF2 # of magnets measured, pg 2/8 Magnets

Magnets were divided into two groups, a high current group and a low current group.

"High current" magnets were measured with a 150 A maximum standardization current and "low current" magnets were measured with a 50 A maximum standardization current.

Magnets were delivered to KEK in two shipments:

- 1st batch (150 A max. current): 11 magnets
- 2nd batch (150 A max. current): 2 magnets
- 2nd batch (50 A max. current): 11 magnets

Total of 24 magnets have been measured at KEK.

– QEA04 (150A) stays at IHEP as a reference magnet.



Compare Measurement Systems, pg 3/8

• IHEP

ATF2

**Magnets** 

- Rotating coil with mechanical bearing
- Align the measurement coil using the magnet bore
- KEK
  - Rotating coil with air bearing
  - Align the measurement coil using the alignment plate, just the same way as we will do in the actual alignment.



**Magnets** 

# Comparison of magnet strength measurements **ATF2** between IHEP and KEK (2nd batch), pg 4/8

Meas.comp (50A Max. magnets)





ATF2 Magnet, Mover&Alignment Summarv



Skew Sextupole (KEK data)

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KEK, 20 DePhase information needed for calculating the skew component.Sextupole phase with respect to the quadrupole phase was used.

#### Sextupole components (normal and skew) plotted against magnet #







## ATF2 Summary by Masuzawa, pg 8/8 Magnets

- 24 magnets were measured at both IHEP and KEK.
- KEK data will be used for generating the excitation curves, though the IHEP measurement improved for magnets in the 2nd batch.
- Large offset in the magnetic field with respect to the mechanical center was measured. Alignment people should use the field measurements result when aligning the magnets in the beam line.
- Sextupole components seem to be small enough, or at least one can select good magnets for critical places in the beam line.
- Trim coil data were taken. Be careful when connecting the trim coils to the power supply.
- Bad news:
  - 6 magnets in the 2nd batch were taken away by the ATF group. We only have 24 6 = 18 magnets left.



New Magnets Being Made for the ATF2: STATUS by Cherrill Spencer **Magnets** (SLAC) pg 1/10

- 29 new FF and extraction line guads ("QEA") been made by IHEP, Beijing and measured at KEK. Mika Masuzawa will report on measurements in this session
- 3 new dipoles B1,B2,B5 to be made: all one style.
- **5 new sextupoles** are needed: 3 in the FF: SD4, SF5 and SF6 and 2 in the "final doublet" (FD) (interleaved with final 2 quads): SF1 and SD0
- 2 new FD quads : QF1 and QD0
- NEW skew quads (heard about at dinner last night!)



ATF2 Magnets New Magnets Being Made for the ATF2: Philosophy & Constraints

- In general we are taking steps to minimize the cost of the new magnets and to produce them in timely way (goal: all new magnets at KEK by end October 2007)
  - Using existing magnets
  - Using existing magnet movers
  - Modifying existing magnet designs
- Constraints on magnet sizes, apertures, coil ends, operating currents & voltages, from:
  - Fit in with existing movers
  - Beam height from floor of 1.2 m
  - Interface with 2 different styles of BPMs
  - Fit in with new power supply's current & voltage



Magnets

# Design of ATF2 dipole: 3D figure



ATF2 Magnet, Mover&Alignment



#### ATF2 Magnets Status of ATF2 B1,B2, B5 dipoles

- Since last project meeting (May 2006)
  - New design modelled in POISSON to achieve small enough sextupole content; reviewed
  - Detailed drawing package generated; reviewed
  - Manufacturing specifications for coils, core & magnet assembly written
  - 3 potential USA magnet vendors identified
  - Statement of work written; pre-purchase order paperwork done
  - Request for bids went out on 20<sup>th</sup> December 2006



Magnets

Two old FFTB quads: 1.38Q17.72. are ready to have their poletips machined back to become QD0 & QF1

- After several discussions decided to make bore aperture 50mm:
  - quad bore diameter= 40 + 2x 3.5 + 2x 2 = 50 mm
    3.5mm=Cu beampipe thickness; 1mm= free space
  - have modelled in POISSON, see next slide for multipoles
- Solid steel core
- Water cooled coils, 24 turns of 0.255" sq hollow Cu conductor; 2 water circuits per coil.
- Predicted currents and voltages:
  - QD0: 127.9 amps, 8.85 volts,  $\Delta T$ = 1.77 degrees C
  - QF1: 69.8 amps, 4.88 volts,  $\Delta T$ = 0.53 degrees C
- STATUS: Identified machine shop with Electric Discharge Machine (EDM) that can machine back the poles (at LBNL), will send quads there in January 2007



ATF2 Issue of fitting the 2 "FD" quads and 2 Magnets "FD" sextupoles on the "CLIC" table

- Was worked on in detail at a special meeting at LAPP in Annecy, France in October. A session this afternoon will deal with the IP configuration further.
- We concluded that all 4 magnets and their movers would fit on the CLIC table and the "QC3" mover assembly would have to be modified so that the center of the magnets' bores would sit at 1.2 m off floor. CLIC table is 0.874m tall (same, on or off)



Magnets

- Five new sextupoles are needed: 3 in the FF: SD4, SF5 and SF6 and 2 in the "final doublet" (interleaved with final 2 quads): SF1 and SD0.
- Considerations of available Z space and height of ATF2 beam lead us to make new and different designs for the FF and FD sextupoles.
- SF1 & SD0 constraints:
  - will have (large) S-band BPMs attached to their core
  - their bore should match the QD0/QF1 bore (= 50 mm)
  - Cores can be somewhat longer than 90mm [am concerned about shortness of core relative to bore: fringe field effects]
  - their cores need to fit in with an FFTB mover & must put center of bore at 1.2m from floor
  - Current to be less than 50 amps, voltage less than 30 volts



ATF2 Status of the 5 new ATF2 sextupoles, Magnets continued

- **FF sextupoles**: another new design needs to be made with these features:
  - Bore to be same as adjacent QEA quads: 32 mm diameter
  - Coil end shape to be compatible with a C-band BPM
  - Core to be ~90mm long (OK with a 32 mm bore)
  - Bottom of core to be flat, to sit directly on a "QMAG" mover T plate. Distance between core bottom and bore center to be 295mm
  - Vertical distance between bottom of T plate (under a mover) and magnet bore center to be 541 mm.



# Magnets Idea for the FF and FD sextupoles

Proposed core shape- with flat bottom. Size would differ for the 2 styles

ATF2

Calculations indicate that coils can be designed to meet PS requirements and have desired integrated strengths.



Actual models will be developed in January 2007 and run in POISSON.

Goal : all new magnets to be delivered to KEK by October 31<sup>st</sup> 2007.

Proposed Core shape. Bore apertures: 50mm for SD0/SF1 32 mm for SD4,SF5,SF6



ATF2 Movement of old FFTB movers & outstanding issue

- Sending 24 less wide movers & their electronics and cables to KEK already
- Sending one wide mover and 3 less wide movers & their electronics and cables to LAPP this week (I hope)- several month loan. Will eventually come to KEK.
- Need an adjustable stand under the dipoles- who to design and build?